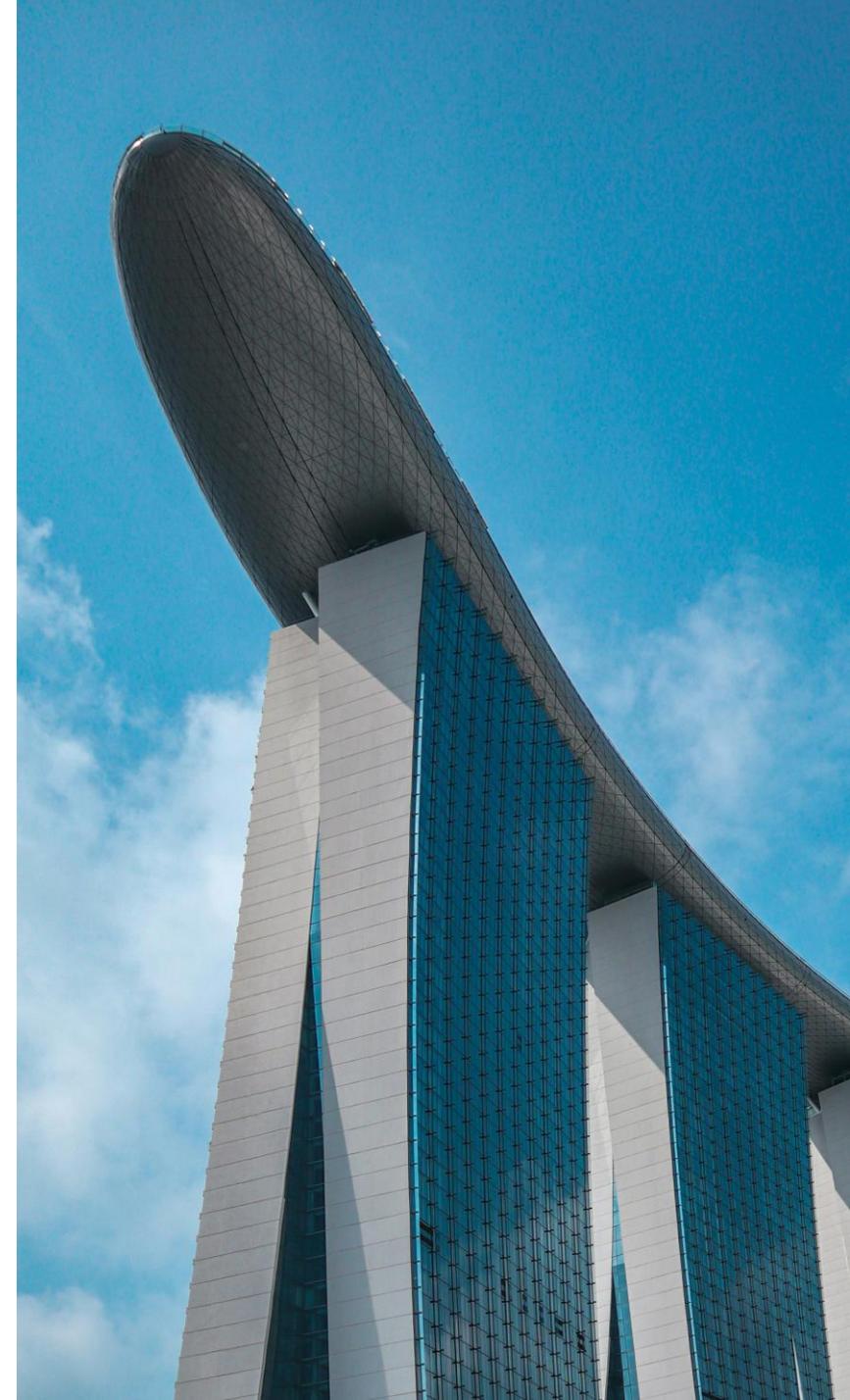


# BUDGET COMMENTARY 2026



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# Budget Commentary

Prime Minister and Minister for Finance, Mr. Lawrence Wong, delivered the Budget 2026 speech on 12 February 2026 amid heightened global uncertainty, persistent cost pressures, and accelerating technological change. In a more fragmented and competitive environment, the ability for businesses to remain agile and outward-looking is increasingly critical.

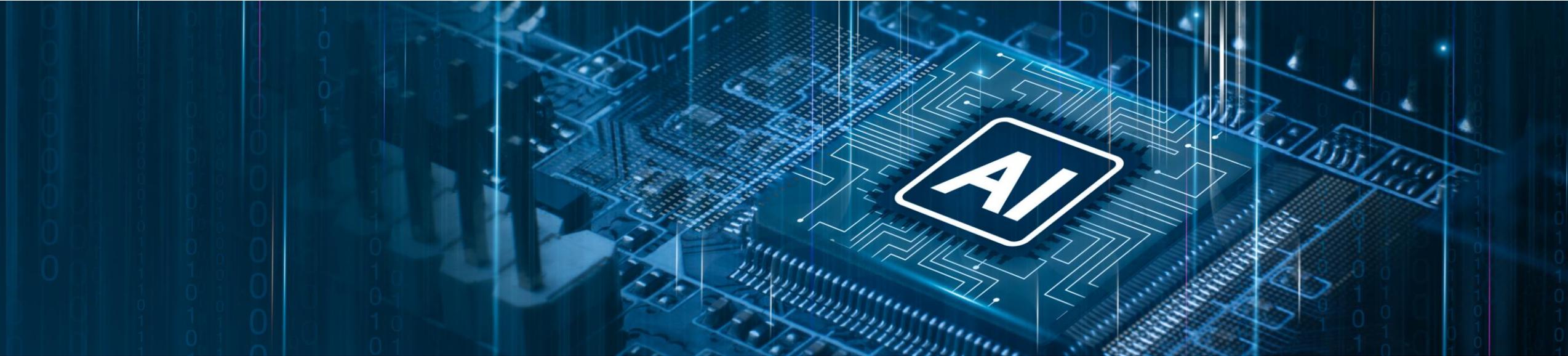
Budget 2026 sets out a calibrated strategy to reinforce Singapore's economic resilience while positioning enterprises for their next phase of growth. Through targeted business support, enhancements to tax incentives, strengthened internationalisation initiatives, improved access to financing, and strategic investments in emerging capabilities, the Government signals a clear policy direction - productivity, innovation, and disciplined transformation will be central to sustaining long-term competitiveness.

Concurrently, structured support for workforce upskilling and adaptation reinforces the continued commitment to inclusive and sustainable growth.





# ACCELERATING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (“AI”) ADOPTION



## LEVERAGING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TO STRENGTHEN SINGAPORE'S STRATEGIC ADVANTAGE

In a more uncertain global environment, Singapore's ability to harness transformative technologies will be pivotal to sustaining its economic relevance and resilience. Artificial Intelligence ("AI") is advancing at an extraordinary pace, and the Government emphasised that its potential is far-reaching - from strengthening economic competitiveness and alleviating structural constraints such as an ageing population and tight labour markets, to uplifting livelihoods and enhancing overall quality of life.

While Budget 2026 places significant focus on accelerating AI adoption across industries, the Government has been equally deliberate in signalling that workforce interests will not be sidelined in the process. The Prime Minister acknowledged that AI will automate certain tasks and reshape job roles, but makes clear that technological progress will be managed carefully and not allowed to come at the expense of workers.

# NATIONAL AI MISSIONS & GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

The Government will launch a set of national AI Missions to transform key sectors of the economy, prioritising 4 key areas:



Advanced Manufacturing



Finance



Connectivity



Healthcare

These AI Missions will align research and development, regulatory frameworks, and investment promotion efforts to accelerate the development, testing, deployment and scaling of AI solutions within each sector.

To provide strategic oversight, an inter-ministerial National AI Council will be established. Chaired by the Prime Minister and comprising senior Cabinet members, the Council will oversee the national AI strategy, commission priority AI initiatives and unlock regulatory and resource constraints to facilitate faster deployment.

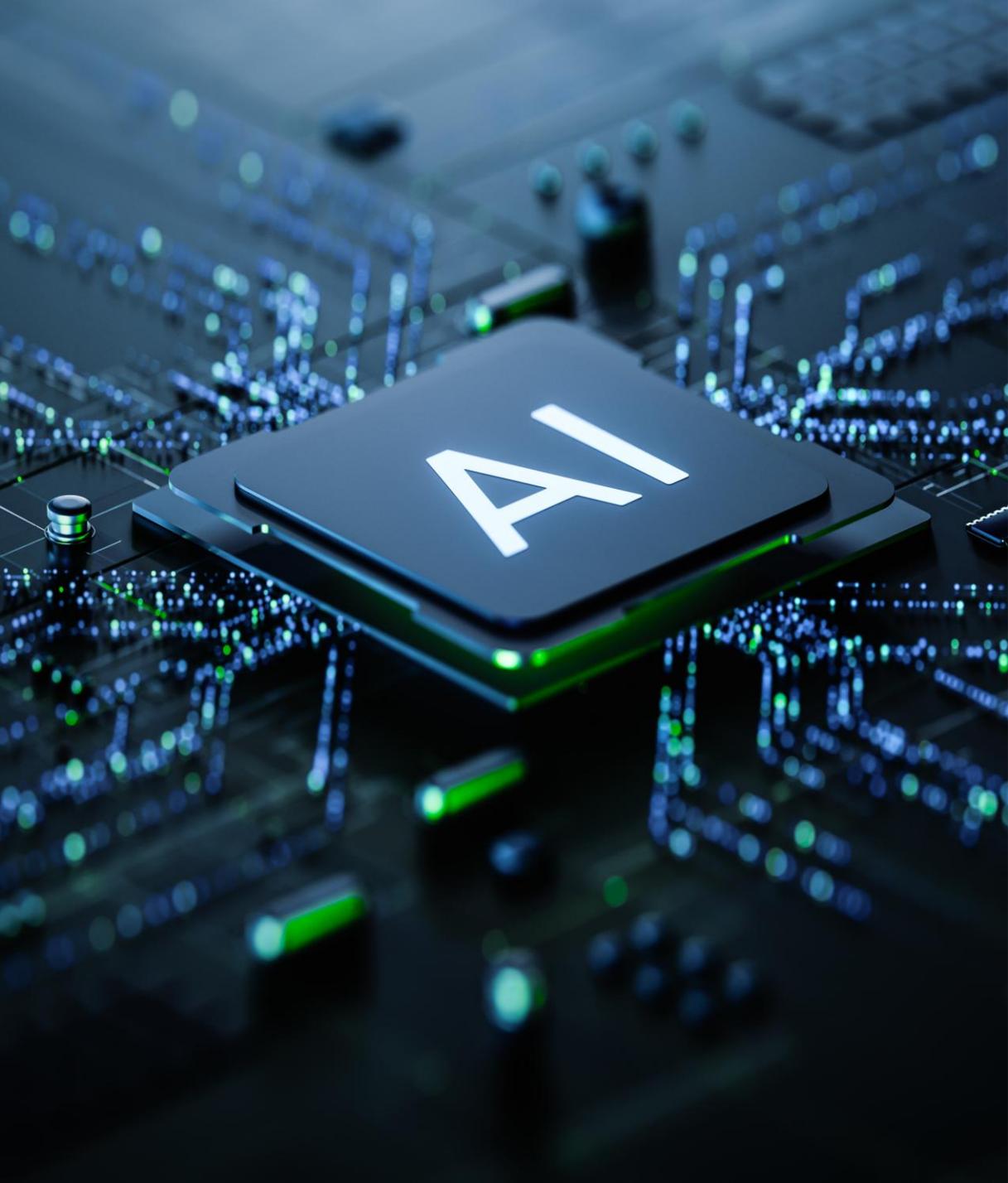
In addition, a “Champions of AI” programme will be introduced to provide tailored support for firms seeking to comprehensively transform their operations through AI integration.

# NATIONAL AI MISSIONS & GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

## Commentary

This mission-based approach represents a meaningful policy evolution. Instead of supporting isolated firm-level adoption, the Government is anchoring AI around sector-specific problem statements. This suggests the potential for coordinated initiatives such as regulatory sandboxes, structured public-private collaborations, and targeted deployment frameworks within priority industries.

The establishment of a Cabinet-level AI Council further enhances policy coherence and signals long-term commitment. Businesses can expect greater regulatory predictability and stronger coordination between economic and technology policies.



## ENHANCEMENTS TO THE ENTERPRISE INNOVATION SCHEME (“EIS”)

### Current

Currently, the EIS allows qualifying businesses to claim 400% tax deductions or allowances on qualifying expenditure incurred on:

- a) Research and Development (“R&D”) activities undertaken in Singapore
- b) Registration of intellectual property
- c) Acquisition and licensing of IP rights
- d) Eligible training courses
- e) Innovation projects with partner institutions

The qualifying expenditure cap under each of activities (a) to (d) is S\$400,000 for each Year of Assessment (“YA”). The qualifying expenditure cap under activity (e) is S\$50,000 for each YA. Businesses have the option to convert up to S\$100,000 of total qualifying expenditure into a 20% non-taxable cash payout, in lieu of tax deductions/allowances.

# ENHANCEMENTS TO THE ENTERPRISE INNOVATION SCHEME (“EIS”)

## Enhancements

To support business adoption of AI, the Enterprise Innovation Scheme will be enhanced for YA 2027 and YA 2028. Budget 2026 introduces 2 key enhancements:



The list of partner institutions will be expanded to include the Sectoral AI Centre of Excellence for Manufacturing.



A new qualifying activity will be introduced for AI expenditures, allowing businesses to claim 400% tax deductions or allowances on up to S\$50,000 of qualifying AI expenditures per YA. Notably, the option to convert this into a cash payout will not be available for this new qualifying activity.

The Inland Revenue Authority of Singapore (“IRAS”) is expected to provide further details including the qualifying AI expenditures by mid-2026.



## ENHANCEMENTS TO THE ENTERPRISE INNOVATION SCHEME (“EIS”)

### Commentary

AI expenditures is now explicitly recognised as a standalone strategic category rather than being subsumed under generic R&D activities.

Companies planning AI-related investments in the coming years should consider the timing and structuring of such expenditures to optimise available tax incentives, particularly once detailed qualifying criteria are issued.

## GRANT SUPPORT FOR AI ADOPTION – PRODUCTIVITY SOLUTIONS GRANT

Beyond tax incentives, the Productivity Solutions Grant (“PSG”) will be expanded to include a wider range of AI-enabled solutions. The PSG provides support for businesses to adopt pre-approved IT solutions and equipment to enhance productivity and automate processes.

The Ministry of Digital Development and Information (“MDDI”) will share more details at the Committee of Supply (“COS”) 2026.

### Commentary

The combined use of enhanced tax deductions and direct grants reflects a layered support framework. While the EIS reduces the after-tax cost of qualifying AI expenditure, the PSG lowers upfront implementation costs.

This dual mechanism helps address both financial and behavioural barriers to AI adoption, particularly for Small and Medium Enterprises (“SMEs”) that may otherwise be cautious about large-scale technology investments.

## AI ECOSYSTEM INFRASTRUCTURE – AI PARK

JTC Corporation (“JTC”) will establish an AI Park at One-North to serve as a focal point for innovation, test-bedding and scaling of AI solutions. The AI Park will provide dedicated spaces near research clusters for AI start-ups, researchers and industry partners, strengthening collaboration and commercialisation.

Further details are expected to be shared at Committee of Supply (“COS”) 2026.

### Commentary

Singapore’s strategy is clearly oriented towards applied AI deployment rather than frontier model development. By clustering industry players near research institutions, the AI Park could catalyse partnerships and enhance commercial viability.



## WORKFORCE AI FLUENCY

To raise AI fluency across the workforce, the TechSkills Accelerator (“TeSA”) programme will be expanded to support AI training in non-technology and cross-sectoral occupations. The initial focus will be on the accountancy and legal professions, with progressive expansion to other sectors.

Additionally, Singaporeans who enroll in selected AI training courses will receive 6 months of complimentary access to premium AI tools.

### Commentary

These measures reinforce that AI transformation is not confined to technology teams. For professional services firms and corporate functions alike, AI capability may increasingly become a baseline competency rather than a differentiator.

The provision of complimentary access to premium AI tools promotes practical experimentation and lowers the barriers to skill adoption, supporting a managed transition in which AI augments, rather than displaces, the workforce.



# INTERNATIONALISATION SCHEMES

# ENHANCED SUPPORT UNDER THE DOUBLE TAX DEDUCTION FOR INTERNATIONALISATION (“DTDI”) SCHEME

## Current

Under the DTDi scheme, businesses are allowed a 200% tax deduction on eligible expenses incurred on 16 qualifying market expansion and investment development activities.

Businesses can automatically claim 200% tax deduction on the first S\$150,000 of eligible expenses for 9 activities\* per YA without prior approval.

Prior approval is required from Enterprise Singapore (“Enterprise SG”) or Singapore Tourism Board (“STPB”) for expenses exceeding S\$150,000 on these 9 activities or expenses incurred on the remaining 7 qualifying activities#. Prior approval is also required for certain expenses incurred on overseas market development trips and overseas investment study trips.

\* 9 activities are advertising in approved local trade publication, design of packaging for overseas markets, local trade fairs, overseas advertising and promotional campaign, overseas investment study trips, overseas market development trips, overseas trade fairs, product/service certification, and virtual trade fairs.

# 7 activities are investment feasibility/due diligence studies, master licensing and franchising, market surveys/feasibility studies, overseas business development, production of corporate brochures for overseas distribution, overseas trade offices, and e-commerce campaigns.



# ENHANCED SUPPORT UNDER THE DOUBLE TAX DEDUCTION FOR INTERNATIONALISATION (“DTDI”)

## Enhancement

The expenditure cap for claims that may be filed without prior approval will be raised from S\$150,000 to S\$400,000 per YA.

The scope of claims which do not require prior approval will also be expanded to cover all eligible expenses incurred on overseas market development trips and overseas investment study trips, and the following 5 (out of 7) qualifying activities:

- Investment feasibility/due diligence studies;
- Master licensing and franchising;
- Market surveys/feasibility studies;
- Overseas business development;
- Production of corporate brochures for overseas distribution.

Businesses can continue to apply to Enterprise SG or STPB for expenses exceeding S\$400,000 per YA or expenses incurred on the 2 remaining activities, overseas trade offices and e-commerce campaigns.

The changes will apply to expenses incurred from YA 2027. Enterprise SG will provide more details by the second quarter of 2026.



# ENHANCED SUPPORT UNDER THE DOUBLE TAX DEDUCTION FOR INTERNATIONALISATION (“DTDI”)

## Commentary

The latest enhancements to the DTDi scheme mark a decisive push to empower Singapore businesses to scale faster and compete harder in global markets. By significantly raising the automatic claim cap from S\$150,000 to S\$400,000 per YA and expanding eligible expenses for claim without prior approval, the Government is removing a long-standing bottleneck and giving companies greater runway to invest boldly in overseas expansion. Importantly, the measures signals trust in businesses and a desire to streamline processes.

Combined with grant schemes like MRA and BizAdapt, DTDi forms part of a comprehensive ecosystem: grants help to offset upfront costs while tax deductions improve overall investment returns.

Overall, the enhancements strengthen Singapore’s position as a pro-enterprise hub that actively supports firms across the full life cycle of overseas expansion, from exploration and entry to scaling and deepening market presence.

# ENHANCED GRANT SUPPORT FOR OVERSEAS MARKET ACCESS

## Current

Introduced in 2013, the Market Readiness Assistance (“MRA”) grant is intended to help enterprises to expand overseas by defraying the costs of overseas market promotion, business development and market set-up.

Currently, MRA supports up to 50% of eligible costs for local SMEs for the activities under the following 3 pillars:-



Overseas market promotion (capped at S\$20,000)



Overseas business development (capped at S\$50,000)

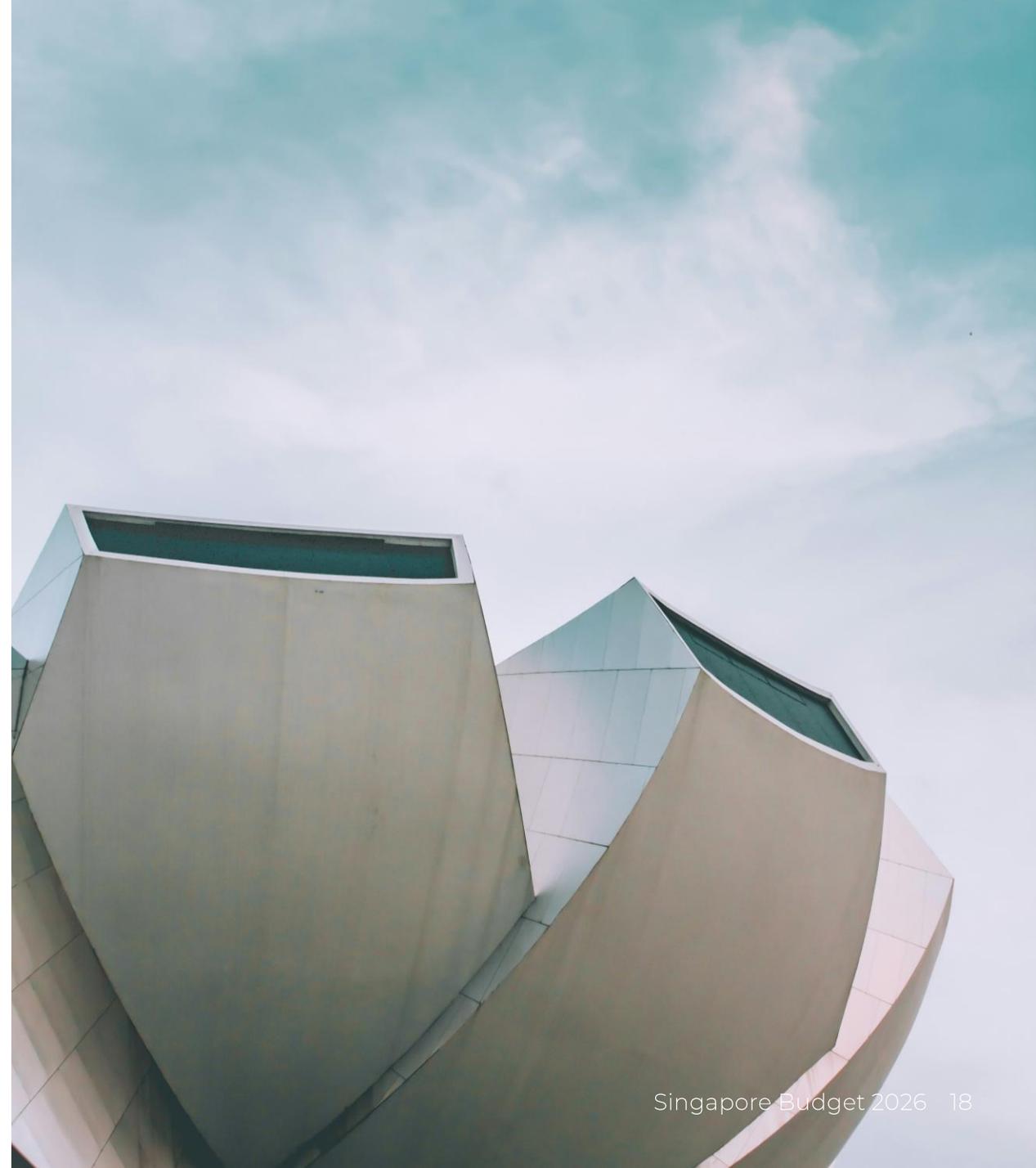


Overseas market set-up (capped at S\$30,000)

Total enhanced cap of S\$100,000 per company per new market\* applies.

*\*overseas sales have not exceeded S\$100,000 in any of the 3 previous years (“new to target overseas market” criterion)*

MRA is scheduled to lapse after 31 March 2026.





# ENHANCED GRANT SUPPORT FOR OVERSEAS MARKET ACCESS

## Enhancement

From 1 April 2026, the grant support level for MRA will be increased to 70% of eligible costs for local SMEs and this higher support level will be available until 31 March 2029.

The enhanced cap of S\$100,000 will also be extended until 31 March 2029.

From the second quarter of 2026, the “new to target overseas market” criterion will be removed.

More details will be provided by Enterprise SG by the second quarter of 2026.

## Commentary

The extension and enhancements of MRA reflects Singapore’s pragmatic response to support SMEs to operate in a more fragmented global economy.

The increase from 50% to 70% funding lowers the financial barrier for SMEs which are often the most resource-constrained yet crucial to economic resilience. Extending support beyond “new markets” to existing ones is also strategically important. It signals recognition that sustained market penetration - brand building, partnerships and scaling operations require long-term commitment, not just initial entry.



# ENHANCED GRANT SUPPORT LEVELS FOR INTERNATIONALISATION SCHEMES

## Current

### **Business Adaptation (“BizAdapt”) Grant**

BizAdapt was launched on 7 October 2025 by Enterprise SG to help businesses affected by US tariffs to restructure their operations.

BizAdapt support enterprises to adapt their business operations and strengthen supply chain resilience through advisory support (via pre-approved vendors) and reconfiguration support, capped at S\$100,000 per enterprise.

Under this grant scheme, SMEs receive up to 50% of eligible costs while non-SMEs receive support of up to 30% of eligible costs.

### **Global Innovation Alliance (“GIA”) schemes**

Launched in 2017, the goal of GIA is to strengthen Singapore’s links with global innovation hubs and support startups, students, and businesses in expanding overseas innovation ecosystems. This is achieved through participating in market access programmes and connecting with in-market experts, with a focus on technology and innovation.

Companies must be locally owned (with 30% or more ultimate ownership by Singaporeans or Singapore Permanent Residents), operate in Singapore, and generally able to demonstrate a viable financial position to start and complete the project.



# ENHANCED GRANT SUPPORT LEVELS FOR INTERNATIONALISATION SCHEMES

## Enhancement

For the period 1 April 2026 to 31 March 2029, the grants support level under both BizAdapt and GIA schemes will see an increase of up to 70% of eligible costs for local SMEs and up to 50% for local non-SMEs.

For GIA schemes, the enhanced support levels will apply to all outbound schemes and programmes.

## Commentary

BizAdapt addresses immediate pressures from tariffs and supply chain disruptions, helping companies not only to navigate changing trade rules but also structurally reposition their operations.

Meanwhile, the GIA and GIA+ initiatives reflect a longer-term growth strategy. Beyond mitigating risk, they focus on innovation, partnerships and international market integration. This dual approach - defensive (risk mitigation and supply chain adaptation) and offensive (innovation-led expansion) demonstrates a comprehensive economic strategy.

Together, these measures reinforce Singapore's positioning as a globally connected, innovation-driven economy that equips its enterprises not just to withstand global volatility, but to compete and grow within it.



## ENHANCEMENTS OF LOAN QUANTUM UNDER THE ENTERPRISE FINANCING SCHEME (“EFS”)

### Current

The EFS supports Singapore enterprises across all stages of growth through 8 financing areas: Trade Loan, Project Loan, Working Capital Loan, SME Fixed Asset Loan, Merger and Acquisition Loan, Venture Debt Loan, Green Loan and Foreign-based Financial Institutions/Multilateral Development Banks Loans.

While different loan quantum caps apply for each financing area, there is an overall loan exposure limit of S\$50 million per borrower group across all 8 facilities.

### Enhancement

From 1 April 2026, the maximum loan quantum for the following EFS schemes will be enhanced as follows:

**SME Fixed Assets Loan** – The current S\$30 million per borrower and borrower group will be removed

**Trade Loan** – The current S\$10 million per borrower and S\$20 million per borrower group will be removed

The overall loan exposure limit of S\$50 million per borrower group across all 8 facilities remains unchanged.

### Commentary

The enhancement will empower Singapore businesses to scale up, invest in major assets, and seize larger overseas contracts with greater financing flexibility.

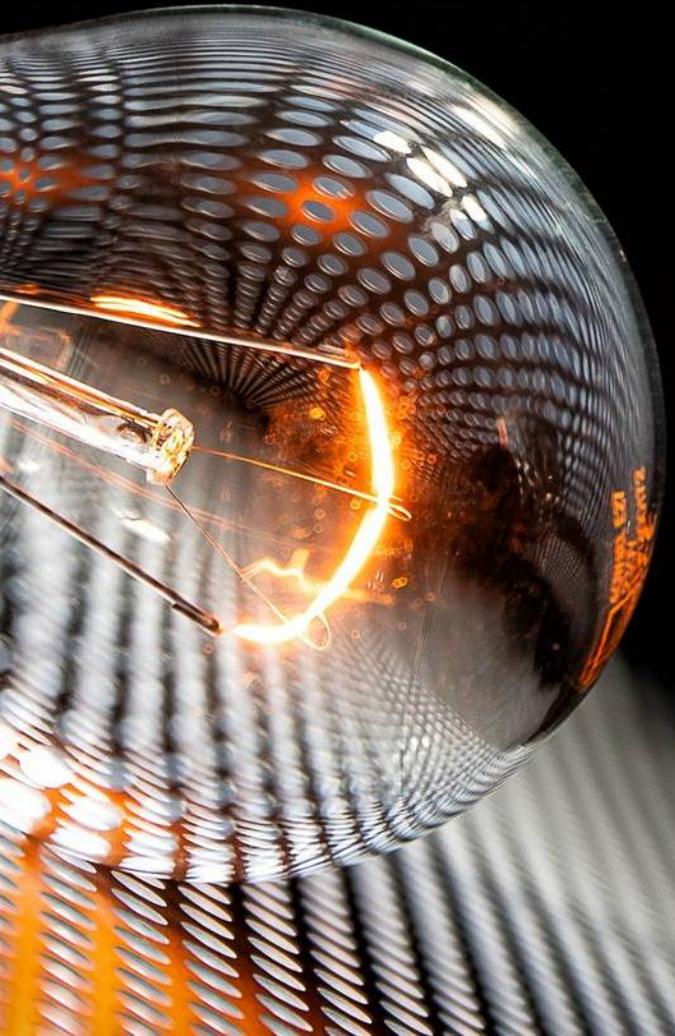


## REINFORCING EQUITY MARKET



## **STRENGTHENING SINGAPORE'S EQUITY MARKET ECOSYSTEM**

In addition to enterprise support and tax enhancements, Budget 2026 introduces targeted measures to reinforce Singapore's growth capital and equity market. These initiatives recognise that sustained innovation and enterprise expansion require not only capability development, but also access to capital across the business lifecycle.



## STARTUP SG EQUITY – SCALING BEYOND EARLY-STAGE FUNDING

The Startup SG Equity scheme was established in 2017 to strengthen Singapore’s start-up ecosystem by co-investing government funds alongside qualified private investors into innovative Singapore-based technology start-ups with strong intellectual property and global growth potential.

While early-stage funding has improved in recent years, funding constraints often emerge as companies scale. Start-ups that require larger and longer-term capital commitments, particularly in capital-intensive deep-tech sectors, continue to face challenges in securing growth-stage financing.

To address this gap and support high-potential enterprises in their expansion journey, Budget 2026 provides a S\$1 billion enhancement to the Startup SG Equity scheme and expands its scope beyond early-stage funding to include growth-stage companies. This initiative seeks to enhance growth opportunities for promising enterprises and reinforce Singapore’s position as a hub for high-quality companies with the aim of supporting their eventual public listings in Singapore.

### Commentary

The enhancement to Startup SG Equity signals a deliberate shift from nurturing start-ups to sustaining scale-ups. In a more capital-constrained global environment, ensuring continued access to growth capital is critical. By strengthening growth-stage investment capabilities, Singapore is positioning itself as a regional hub for innovation and growth financing, while strengthening the broader capital markets pipeline over the medium to long term.

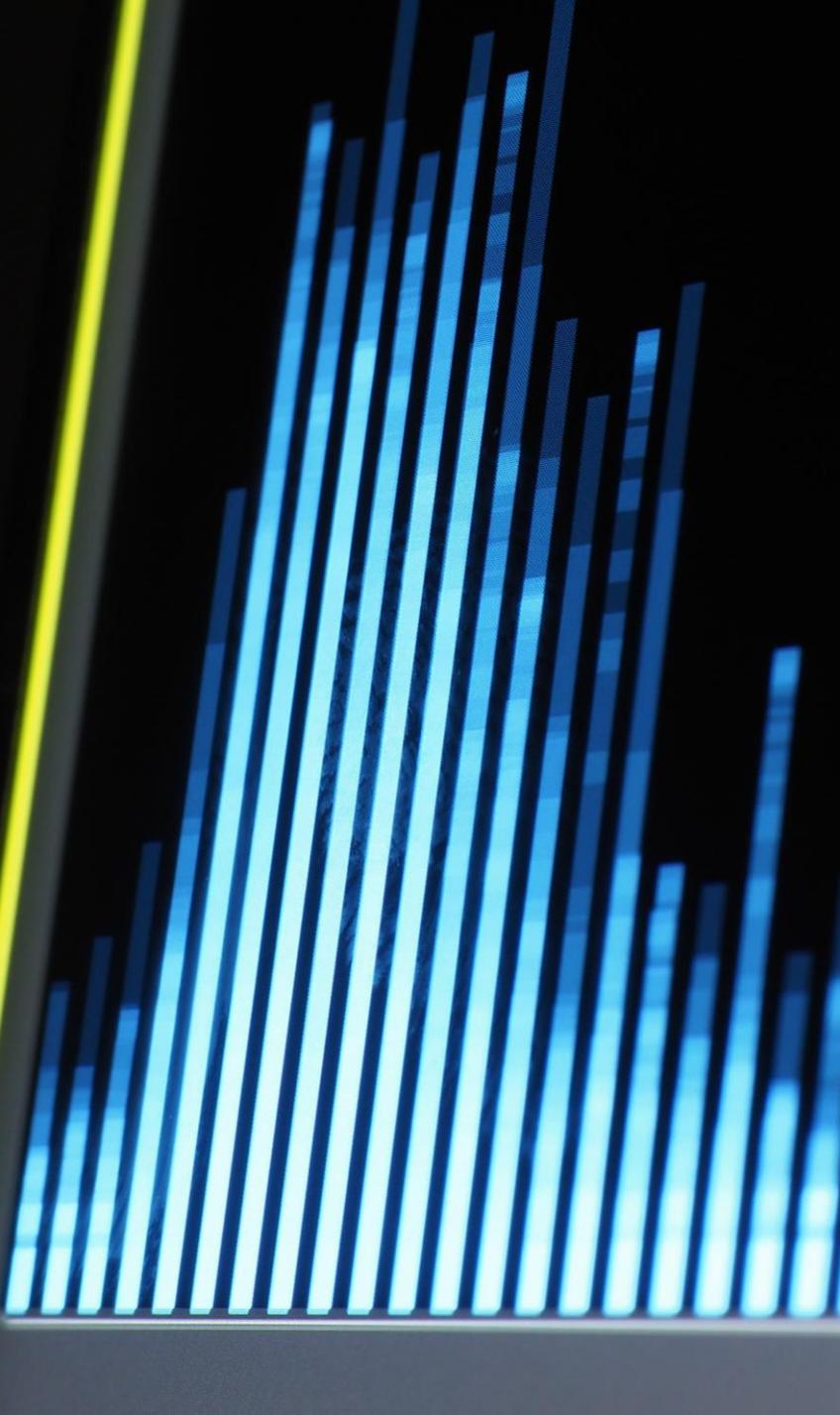
## ANCHOR FUND – REINFORCING SINGAPORE’S PUBLIC LISTING LANDSCAPE

The Anchor Fund was established in 2022 with an initial S\$1.5 billion tranche to support promising high-growth companies in raising capital and progressing towards listing on the Singapore Exchange (“SGX”). The initiative was introduced to strengthen Singapore’s equities market by providing cornerstone investment support, enhancing confidence and stability during the listing process.

Budget 2026 announces the launch of a second S\$1.5 billion tranche of the Anchor Fund. Similar to the first tranche, this funding will be co-invested by the Government and Temasek. The additional tranche aims to ensure sustained support for companies with strong growth potential, particularly in a global environment marked by heightened market volatility and intensified competition among listing venues.

### Commentary

The additional S\$1.5 billion allocation underscores the Government’s continued commitment to stimulate the equities market. By anchoring investments and strengthening listing confidence, the Anchor Fund enhances the attractiveness of SGX as a listing venue for high-quality growth companies.



## EQUITY MARKET DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME – ENHANCING MARKET LIQUIDITY

In February 2025, the Monetary Authority of Singapore (“MAS”) introduced a comprehensive strategy to revitalise Singapore’s equities market, with the S\$5 billion Equity Market Development Programme (“EQDP”) as a central pillar. The programme was designed to channel capital to selected fund managers with strong capabilities in executing investment mandates focused on Singapore-listed equities.

Since its launch, MAS has allocated approximately S\$3.95 billion to nine fund managers under the EQDP. The initiative has contributed to renewed momentum in Singapore’s IPO landscape by reinforcing demand-side support in the equities markets.

Budget 2026 builds on this foundation through an additional S\$1.5 billion top-up to the Financial Sector Development Fund, which will be deployed to expand the EQDP. This top-up strengthens the programme’s scale and aims to further revitalise Singapore’s equities market.

### **Commentary**

The additional S\$1.5 billion top-up reinforces the Government’s commitment to strengthening the competitiveness of Singapore’s equities market and ensure that Singapore remains as a leading financial hub in Asia.

Together with the enhancements to the Startup SG Equity and the Anchor Fund, these initiatives reflect a coordinated strategy to reinforce Singapore’s growth capital and capital market ecosystem.



# CORPORATE TAX CHANGES

# CORPORATE INCOME TAX (“CIT”) REBATE FOR YA 2026, WITH A CIT REBATE CASH GRANT

A 40% CIT rebate, capped at S\$30,000, will be granted for YA 2026. Companies that are active and meet the local employee condition\* will automatically receive a CIT Rebate Cash Grant of S\$1,500. The cash grant will be paid from the second quarter of calendar year 2026 onwards. The CIT rebate cash grant is not taxable.

*\* A company is considered to have met the local employee condition if it has made CPF contribution to at least one local employee i.e. Singapore Citizen or Permanent Resident), excluding shareholders who are also directors of the company in the calendar year 2025.*

The total maximum benefit (i.e. sum of CIT rebate and CIT rebate cash grant) to be received by each company is capped at S\$30,000.

The CIT rebate, less any CIT rebate cash grant, will be automatically included in the companies' tax assessment after the filing of the income tax return (Form C/ C-S) with the IRAS for YA 2026.

## Commentary

The extension of the CIT rebate and cash grant provides continued support to businesses facing ongoing cost pressures. While the level of assistance is lower than in the previous two years, the measure still offers meaningful cash flow relief, particularly for small and medium enterprises. As both the rebate and cash grant are administered automatically, eligible companies can benefit without additional application procedures.



# EXTENSION AND ENHANCEMENT OF GLOBAL TRADER PROGRAMME (“GTP”)

## Current

The GTP provides approved global trading companies a concessionary tax rate of 5%, 10%, or 15% on qualifying income for 3 years (for an entry-level, non-renewable award) or 5 years (renewable award) subject to approval of Enterprise SG. The qualifying income includes:



Income from physical trading



Derivative trading income



Commission from brokering of physical trades



Income from structured commodity financing activities

The scheme is scheduled to lapse after 31 December 2026.





## EXTENSION AND ENHANCEMENT OF GLOBAL TRADER PROGRAMME (“GTP”)

### Enhancement

The scheme will be extended until 31 December 2031 and the list of qualifying commodities will also be expanded to include Environmental Attribute Certificates from 13 February 2026.

Enterprise SG will provide more details by second quarter of 2026.

### Commentary

By extending the GTP to 2031, the Government sends a clear signal that strategic trading activity remains a cornerstone of our economy. Adding Environmental Attribute Certificates to the list of qualifying commodities positions Singapore at the forefront of the sustainability and carbon markets, ensuring that GTP stays relevant, future ready, and aligned with global shifts toward green value chains. Together, these measures reaffirm Singapore’s ambition as a premier global trading hub.

# EXTENSION AND ENHANCEMENT OF FINANCE AND TREASURY CENTRE (“FTC”) INCENTIVE

## Current

The FTC incentive aims to encourage multinational groups to use Singapore as a base for conducting strategic finance and treasury management activities.

Under the incentive, approved FTCs are eligible for a concessionary tax rate of 8% or 10% for a 5-year period on qualifying income derived from:



Qualifying FTC services to approved network companies (ANCs); and



Qualifying FTC activities carried out by the approved FTC on its own account with funds obtained from qualifying sources.

In addition, withholding tax exemption is granted on interest payments by the approved FTC on the following, where they relate to the conduct of qualifying FTC services and activities:



Loans from banks and non-bank financial institutions outside Singapore; and



Loans and deposits from ANCs outside Singapore.

The incentive is scheduled to lapse after 31 December 2026.

# EXTENSION AND ENHANCEMENT OF FINANCE AND TREASURY CENTRE (“FTC”) INCENTIVE

## Enhancement

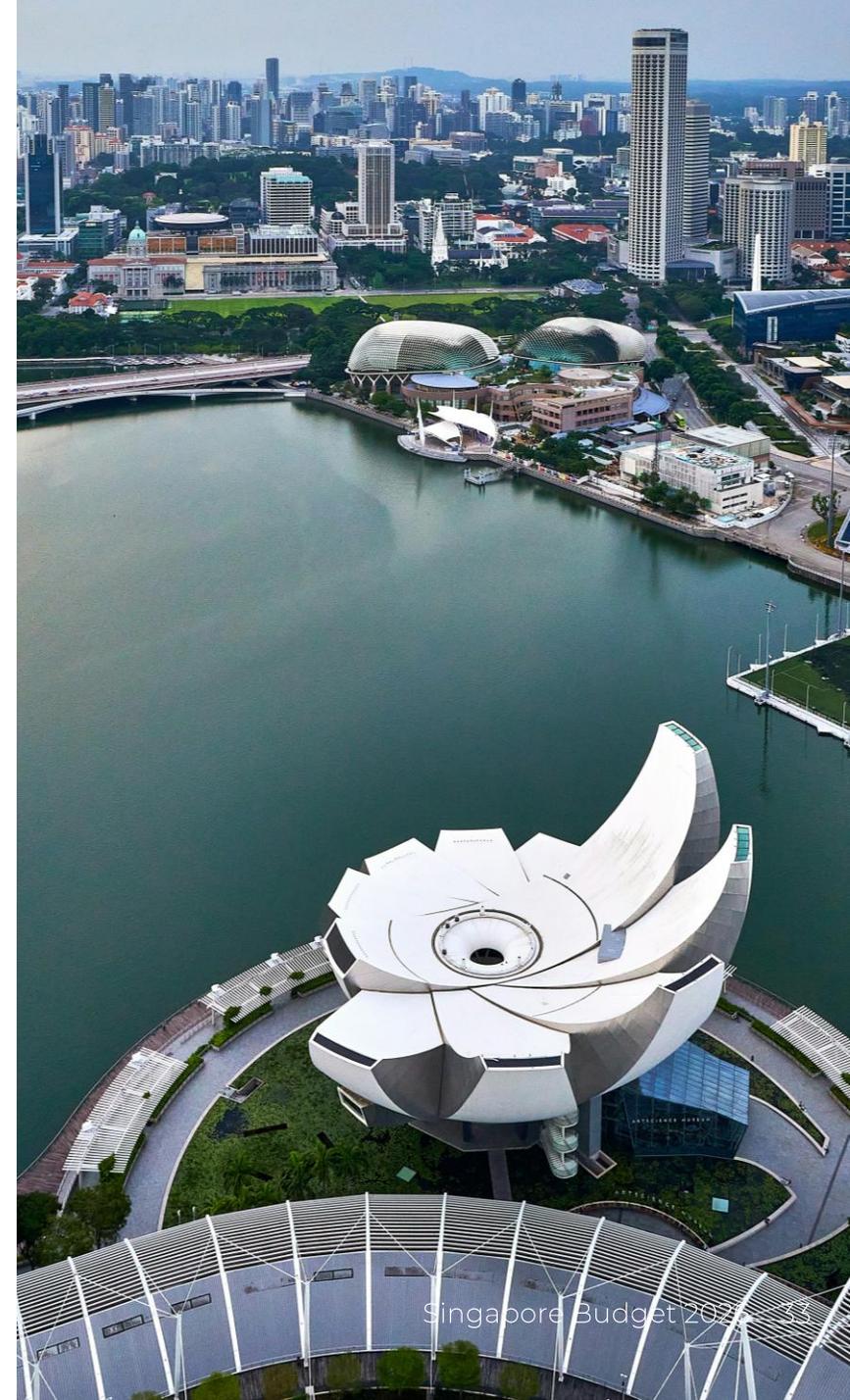
The incentive will be extended until 31 December 2031.

The withholding tax exemption will be expanded to include interest-like borrowing costs\* for loans used for qualifying activities or services, which are paid by the approved FTC on or after 13 February 2026.

*\* These are aligned to the prescribed deductible borrowing costs which are considered payments in lieu of interest or for the reduction thereof e.g. Guarantee fees, Interest rate swap payment, Conversion fees/amendment fees, Front-end fees/back-end fees.*

## Commentary

The Government has moved to strengthen Singapore’s position as a premier global hub for corporate treasury. The measures to extend and enhance the FTC incentive not only provide the much-needed certainty for existing approved FTCs but will also encourage the continued growth in treasury management capabilities of the multinational groups to gain a competitive edge for managing regional or global liquidity in Singapore.





# 250% TAX DEDUCTION FOR QUALIFYING DONATIONS TO INSTITUTES OF A PUBLIC CHARACTER (“IPCS”) AND ELIGIBLE INSTITUTIONS

## Current

Donors currently enjoy a 250% tax deduction for qualifying donations made to IPCs and other eligible institutions in Singapore. This enhanced deduction is scheduled to lapse for donations made after 31 December 2026.

## Proposed extension

The enhanced deduction will be extended to qualifying donations made from 1 January 2027 to 31 December 2029.

## Commentary

The extension of the enhanced deduction underscores the Government’s continued commitment to encouraging philanthropy and supporting the social sector. By maintaining the 250% deduction through 2029, companies and individuals are encouraged to contribute to the community, support societal causes, and strengthen a culture of giving in Singapore.

# EXTENSION OF CORPORATE VOLUNTEER SCHEME (CVS)

## Current

All businesses carrying on a trade or business in Singapore can claim 250% tax deductions on qualifying expenditure (such as basic wages) incurred for:



Sending their qualifying employees to volunteer at or to provide services to IPCs; or



Seconding their qualifying employees to IPCs.

From 1 January 2024, the qualifying expenditure is subject to an annual cap of S\$250,000 per business per YA and S\$100,000 per IPC per calendar year.

The tax deduction is scheduled to lapse for expenditure incurred after 31 December 2026.

## Proposed extension

To continue supporting corporate volunteering, the tax deduction under the CVS will be extended to qualifying expenditure incurred from 1 January 2027 to 31 December 2029.

## Commentary

The extension highlights the Government's continued support for corporate volunteerism and community engagement. By providing certainty on the enhanced tax deduction, companies are encouraged to involve employees in meaningful volunteer activities, both on-site and virtually, nurturing kindness and a sense of community while reinforcing the spirit of togetherness, mutual support and partnership with IPCs.



# CCS-MS SINGAPORE BUDGET WEBINAR 2026

Date: Thursday, 5 March 2026

Time: 2.00pm – 4.00pm

Delivery Format: Virtual (via Zoom)

[Save the Date](#)

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